

AMERICAN OIL CHEMISTS' SOCIETY SPRING CONVENTION

At Memphis, Tennessee, May 23 and 24

This year a departure from the time-honored custom of holding the American Oil Chemists' Society's Spring Meeting at New Orleans brings our Convention to Memphis, Tenn. Convention headquarters will be the beautiful Peabody Hotel, centrally located in this interesting city, with accommodations for guests unexcelled throughout the South.

President Hutchins is at work on the details of the scientific program. At this date the program is not complete enough to publish but several papers of unusual interest are in store as well as committee reports from all major committees. The number and high quality of the original scientific papers presented at meetings of the A.O.C.S. has

been the subject of much comment, particularly among chemists engaged in the practical problems of industry. This Convention will be no exception and, from the standpoint of its scientific interest alone, no chemist in the oil, fat and soap industries can afford to miss attending.

The Local Committee on Arrangements for the Memphis meeting is headed by G. Worthen Agee, Chairman. He has a large committee of A. O. C. S. members from Memphis and adjacent territory. From the enthusiasm evident at this early date and the reputations of Mr. Agee and his committee members, this should be the greatest convention in the history of the

American Oil Chemists' Society.

The following comprise the local committee:

G. Worthen Agee, Chairman; E. R. Barrow, M. G. Boulware, C. H. Cox, G. O. Daniel, R. T. Doughtie, Jr., L. B. Forbes, J. H. Kirby, J. L. Mayfield, G. M. Partee, Jr., J. N. Pless, T. L. Rettger, W. H. Scott, C. A. Smith, E. H. Tenent, H. L. Thomas, F. Woodson.

Mr. Agee already has made arrangements to hold the annual Spring Golf Tournament at the Memphis Country Club. Memphis in May means real golfing weather and the Memphis Country Club is an ideal course to play.

A ladies' program is being arranged by Mrs. G. Owen Daniel,



HOTEL PEABODY, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE. THE SOUTH'S FINEST HOTEL AND ONE OF AMERICA'S BEST

and the wives and families of the conventioners will have no dull moments in Memphis.

Our Northern members particularly should enjoy a short vacation in Memphis after the long winter months. With the A.O.C.S. Convention as the high spot, such a vacation should prove interesting, profitable and long remembered.

Mr. Agee has obtained the following rates at the Peabody Hotel, convention headquarters:

\$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00, single

\$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 per person, double
\$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00 per person, double
with twin beds.

Other hotels in Memphis quote rates as follows:

Claridge\$2.00 per day and up
Chisca\$1.50 per day and up
Gayoso\$1.50 per day and up
William Len.....\$2.00 per day and up
Tennessee\$1.50 per day and up
DeVoy\$2.00 per day and up

It is suggested that members who expect to attend the A.O.C.S. Convention should make their reservations in advance. The Local Committee will be glad to make reserva-

tions. Address G. Worthen Agee, % Barrow-Agee Laboratories, Memphis, Tenn., with particulars regarding accommodations desired.

The National Cottonseed Products' Convention will be held May 26 to 29 inclusive, in Memphis. If you wish reservations to carry you over both conventions, it is important to notify the committee to that effect.

Visit Memphis! Attend the A.O.C.S. Spring Meeting, May 23 and 24!

FACTS ABOUT MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

A. O. C. S. Spring Convention, May 23-24

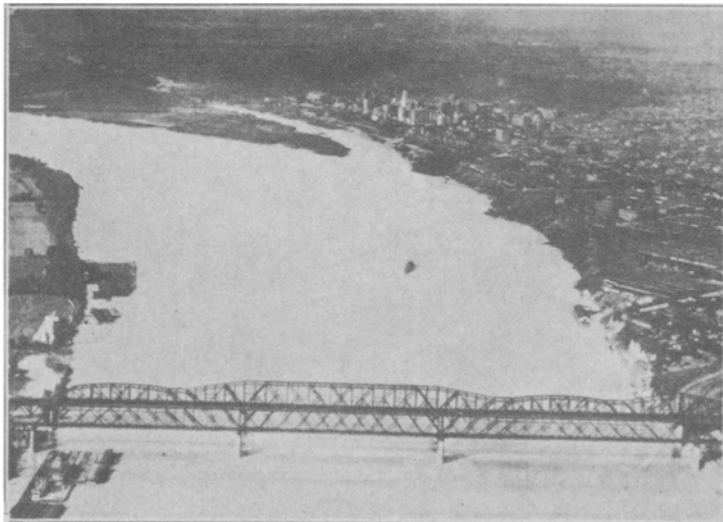
Memphis, outstanding center in southern cotton and hardwood production (population 264,281), dates its beginning from May, 1541, when Hernando DeSoto, Spanish explorer, first discovered the Mississippi River from the Chickasaw Bluffs on which Memphis is built.

The site remained, however, only an Indian village and an occasional site for temporary Spanish or French fortification for more than two centuries or until after the American Revolution. The city itself was established in 1819 when Andrew Jackson, later president of the United States, James Winchester and John Overton came from Nashville to lay out the streets of the town on land which they had recently acquired. Incorporated in 1819, the young city grew as a

cotton market and as a center of distribution by virtue of its position on the Mississippi in the days when sidewheel steamboats were in the heyday of their usefulness. Yellow fever epidemic in the late seventies, following Civil War and reconstruction trouble, created a pause in the city's progress, but recovery after 1890 was rapid as the city began its transition from a market place for a vast agricultural area to its present position in manufacturing and distribution. Memphis in 1930 still remained the world's largest inland cotton market, handling annually approximately 2,000,000 bales through the Memphis Cotton Exchange. It likewise continued in its position of world's largest hardwood lumber market and an outstanding center of woodworking industry, including

not only lumber but hardwood flooring, furniture, wooden parts for automobile bodies, automobile wheels, golf shafts and blocks, shuttle blocks, tool handles and a wide variety of allied products.

Memphis' position in the center of Arkansas and Mississippi delta cotton production has made it an important manufacturing center in the by-products of cotton and the world's largest producer of cottonseed products as well as one of the nation's largest producers of mixed feeds which have cottonseed and cottonseed meal as one of their most important raw materials. Cottonseed products manufactured in Memphis include not only feeds but cooking oils, oils for soap production, vegetable lard, blotting paper used as a raw material for the



A VIEW OF THE BEAUTIFUL
SKYLINE AT MEMPHIS,
TENNESSEE